

Environment policy established by the European Parliament



EU environment policy rests on the principles of precaution, prevention and rectifying pollution at source

six priority objectives:

- Achieving the 2030 greenhouse gas emission reduction target and climate neutrality by 2050,
- Enhancing adaptive capacity, strengthening resilience and reducing vulnerability to climate change,
- Advancing towards a regenerative growth model, decoupling economic growth from resource use and environmental degradation, and accelerating the transition to a circular economy,





including for air, water and soil and

protecting the health and well-being of Europeans,

- **Protecting, preserving and restoring biodiversity**, and enhancing natural capital (notably air, water, soil, and forest, freshwater, wetland and marine ecosystems),
- **Reducing environmental and climate pressures** related to production and consumption (particularly in the areas of energy, industrial development, buildings and infrastructure, mobility and the food system).

Sustainable Development Strategy sets out

- International environmental cooperation
- Environmental impact assessment and public participation

Parliament has repeatedly recognised the need for improved implementation as a key priority.





Environment policies regulate...

- . Combating climate change**
 - . Biodiversity, land use and forestry**
 - . Water protection and management**
 - . Air and noise pollution**
 - . Resource efficiency and the circular economy**
 - . Sustainable consumption and production**
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- **Chemicals and pesticides**



